Geotextiles: A Versatile Materialfor Civil Engineering Projects InIndustry Global Marketaa

Geotextiles

are permeable fabrics which, when used inassociation with soil, have the ability to separate, filter, reinforce, protect or drain. They can be made from natural fibers like jute or synthetic polymers likepolypropylene, polyethylene or polyamide. Geosynthetic have increasingly become invaluable for a wide variety of civil engineering applications.

Soil Separation and Stabilization

One of the primary functions of <u>Geotextiles</u> is toprevent mixing of dissimilar soils. They are often used as a separator between acoarse aggregate base and

clayey subgrade. This separation prevents fine soilparticles from working their way into the base material and clogging it. Geosynthetic are also used for soil stabilization applications like protecting softsubsoils from intrusion by road construction aggregates. Their reinforcement ability improves

the engineering properties of weak in-situ soils.

Pavement Systems

In paved road systems, geosynthetic play animportant role in separating and strengthening pavement layers. As a separator, theyprevent intermixing of base/sub-base with subgrade. As a reinforcementmaterial, they increase the bearing capacity of Unbound Granular Bases. Thisreinforcing function of geosynthetic

helps to control reflective cracking from joints orcracks in underlying layers. They are highly effective in flexible and rigidpavement systems.

Slope Stabilization

Erosion and slope failure pose major problems, especially on embankments and

cut slopes. Geosynthetic perform exceptionally well as reinforcement materials

in stabilizing slopes. Their ability to confine and strengthen soil mass contributes to increased shear strength. Some geosynthetic have hightensile strength and provide extra reinforcement where needed. This prevents erosion

and translational failure from occurring. They have been very successful in stabilizing

railway ballast, road embankments and retaining walls.

Drainage Applications

Geotextiles work very effectively as filtration and drainage materials. Used below road bases or around foundation walls, they prevent fine particles from clogging drains while allowing water to pass through. Some have very high permittivity and transmissivity, performing like filters and French drains.