South Korea BiodegradablePackaging Market GrowthStrategies and Trendsaa

The South Korea Biodegradable Packaging Marketis witnessing accelerated business growthfueled bystricter waste-management regulations andescalating consumer demand for eco-friendly solutions. Industry trends indicate that materialinnovation and circular-economy initiatives are reshaping market dynamics, enabling new marketopportunities across food, healthcare, and personalcare segments. Recent South Korea Biodegradable Packaging Market research highlights that whileregulatory support reduces market restraints onbioplastics, competition from conventional polymersstill poses market challenges for emerging players.

Market Size and Overview

The South Korea Biodegradable Packaging Market is estimated to be valued at USD 619.9 Mn in 2025 and is expected to reach USD 976.1 Mn by 2032, growing at a compound annual growth rate (CAGR) of 6.7% from 2025 to 2032.

According to the market forecast, rising sustainabilitymandates and growing e-commerce penetrationunderpin robust market growth through 2032. Ourlatest South Korea Biodegradable Packaging Marketreport underscores that shifts in consumer behaviorand supply-chain digitization will drive industry sizeexpansion and bolster market revenue over the nextseven years.

Market Segments

Core segment categories in this market analysis include:

- 1. By Material
- PLA (polylactic acid)
- PHA (polyhydroxyalkanoates)
- PBAT (polybutylene adipate terephthalate)
- Starch blends
- Dominant sub-segment: PLA accounted for overUSD 240 Mn revenue in 2024, driven by foodcontact approvals.
- Fastest-growing sub-segment: PHA grew at a 12%CAGR in 2025, owing to pharmaceutical tray adoption.
- 2. By Application
- Food packaging
- Beverage containers
- Healthcare packaging
- Personal care packaging
- Dominant: Food packaging, generating USD 260 Mn in revenue during 2025.
- Fastest-growing: Healthcare packaging, expanding 9.5% year-on-year in 2024–2025 with sterile-film solutions.

Market Drivers

One key market driver is South Korea's Packaging Waste Reduction Act, which introduced higher landfill levies in early 2024. Government subsidies increased by 18% in 2024 for bioplastic R&D, accelerating polymer-grade PHA pilot lines and supporting an 8% rise in local biodegradable packaging adoption. Regulatory incentives have expanded market scope by encouraging major FMCG companies to switch to certified compostable films, while tax credits for eco-friendly packaging investments are stimulating capital expenditure. This policy-led push is a pivotal market driver that will sustain competitive advantage in the forecast period.