

12 Parts of a Check Explained

Reading Time: 15 minutes

Checks are something that most of us have, even if we don't use them that often. They can help us make payments and give large amounts of money to others in a secure way.

But even though most people use checks occasionally, they may not know much about them.

In this guide, I will explain the 12 parts of a check, and what each part means.

I'll break it down into an easy-to-understand method. That way, the next time you're wondering, you'll have answers to your questions.

What are the Different Components of a Check?

There are twelve different parts of a check. All twelve parts are important and can help you find the necessary information you may be looking for.

You have likely seen all of these things on checks before, but you probably haven't stopped to think about why they are there or what they do.

The components of a check give information, increase security, and accomplish a financial transaction. There are also certain things that a bank check or a personal check will have that can help you to identify what type of check it is. Here is each one and what it means.

These Are the Parts of a Check

Bank checks come directly from a bank or credit union, where personal checks can be kept with you or at your home so you have them when you need them.

It might help you out in a pinch, plus it's good to learn as much about finance and different payment options as possible. There are twelve parts of a check, and I'll explain each one in detail.

The twelve parts of a check are:

1. ☐ 1. Check Number
2. ☐ 2. Account Holder Information
3. ☐ 3. Check Number
4. ☐ 4. Date of Issue
5. ☐ 5. Numerical Check Amount
6. ☐ 6. Signature Line
7. ☐ 7. Memo
8. ☐ 8. Bank Information
9. ☐ 9. Amount written in words
10. ☐ 10. Pay to the order of
11. ☐ 11. ABA Routing number or routing number
12. ☐ 12. Checking account number
- ☐ Fractional Bank Number

